

PROCESS SPECIFICATION

PROCESS SPECIFICATION NUMBER: ERA-1004
412 Auxiliary Fuel Tanks
BAFFLE INSTALLATION

PREPARED BY:

DATE

DATE: 1/23/87

John E. Stanley MESH PLASTICS LTD.

APPROVALS

MANUFACTURING	QUALITY CONTROL	ENGINEERING	Marty again daum dhen mont datur divin quar fater data pann mon
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PROCESS SPECIFICATION

Scope:

This specification outlines the requirements

for installation of the baffles for the 412

Auxiliary Fuel Tanks.

Conformation:

This specification does not conform to any

existing government specification.

Subcontractors:

MESH PLASTICS, LTD. of Lake Charles, Louisiana,

or its subcontractor shall be the only subcontractors qualified to construct the FRP requirements and shall comply with this process specification. Any deviations or variations are to be submitted to ERA for approval with proper documentation prior to

fabrication.

Conflicts:

In the event of a conflict with engineering

drawing(s) and this specification, the

drawing(s) shall govern.

Installation of the Baffles for the 412 Auxiliary Fuel Tanks

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MATERIALS

MATERIAL NAME MANUFACTURER Resin Derakane 470-36 Dow Chemical Midland, MI Promoter Cobalt Napthenate AKZO Chemie New Brunswick, NJ Accelerator Dimethylaniline Buffalo Colors West Paterson, NJ MEKP Catalyst Hi Paint 90 Witco Chemical Richmond, CA Lupersol DHD 9 Lucidol Chemical Buffalo, NY UV Inhibitor UV-9 Industrial Chemicals Atlanta, GA

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DATE 6/26/95	ENGINEER	E.O. No. A — 1	SHT.		
BY J. Harville	PROCESS :	DWG. AF			
	DD ALT P/N FO GLASS MAT (M12		1/2		TE:
3/4 oz TYPE "E"	GLASS MAT.	M113-3/4 OR M127-3/4	oz	WICHITA FA	LLS, TX. D
1 1/2 oz TYPE	"E" GLASS MAT.	OR	1/2	oz CERTA WICHITA FA oz CERTA WICHITA FA	LLS, TX. INTEED

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MATERIALS

MATERIAL

NAME

MANUFACTURER

Putty filler

(Amorphous Fumed Silica)

Aerosil

Dequesa Corp.

Teterboro, NJ

Cabosil

Cabot Corp. Boston, MA

Milled Fibers

731 ED

Owens Cornino

Anderson, S.C.

1-1/2 oz Type 'E' glass mat Compatamat - 1-1/2 oz.

PPG Industries

Shelby, NC

M113 - 1 - 1/2 oz.

Certainteed

Wichita Falls, TX

10 mil 'C' glass, or

Modiglass

Reichold Chemical

Bremen, OH

Manville Glass

Manville Corp.

Denver, CO

10 mil 'A' glass veil

Surglass

Superior Glass Bremen, OH

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MATERIALS

MATERIAL

NAME

MANUFACTURER

Paraffinated Styrene

TF-100

Industrial Chemicals

Atlanta, GA

Grinding Discs

36 Grit Type D

60 Grit Type C 80 Grit Type C 3M Corp. St. Paul, MN

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INSTALLATION

- 1) Cut enlarged openings in primary tank shell at all baffle locations. Use tool No's 41202-202-001-003 through 012.
- 2) Taper all edges of openings as shown on Dwg. 41228-202-001.
- 3) Sand both sides of baffles approximately 3" from edge where bonding will take place using 36 grit type D discs.
- 4) Sand approximately 1" beyond area previously sanded using 40 grit on a D. A. sander.
- 5) Sand approximately 0.10" thickness of the area between the ears on the baffle.
- 6) On #4 baffle (P/N 41228-202-006-003/4) drill holes and attach inserts in accordance with Process Specification 1013.
- 7) Fit each baffle at approximate location, allowing a minimal amount of movement in either direction for final alignment.
- 8) Using a tooling jig align all baffles. Secure in place using a minimal amount of putty. Allow to cure until putty hardens.
- 9) Remove from tooling jig.

INSTALLATION

NOTE: REFER TO DWG. NO. 41228-201-001 FOR WIDTH AND LOCATION OF TIE IN.

- 10) Apply first layer of 1-1/2 oz. type E glass mat. Saturate with Derakane 470-36 resin containing UV inhibitor (No Pigment). Deaerate with serrated rollers.
- 11) Apply second layer of 1-1/2 oz. type E glass mat. Saturate with Derakane 470-36 resin containing UV inhibitor (No Pigment). Deaerate with serrated rollers.
- 12) Apply third layer of 1-1/2 oz. type E glass mat. Saturate with Derakane 470-36 resin containing UV inhibitor (No Pigment). Deaerate with serrated rollers.

NOTE: STEPS 13 AND 14 APPLY TO AREAS ADJACENT TO FITTINGS ONLY.

- 13) Apply fourth layer of 1-1/2 oz. type E glass mat. Saturate with Derakane 470-36 resin containing UV inhibitor (No Pigment). Deaerate with serrated rollers.
- 14) Apply fifth layer of 1-1/2 oz. type E glass mat. Saturate with Derakane 470-36 resin containing UV inhibitor (No Pigment). Deaerate with serrated rollers.
- 15) Apply one layer of 10 mil C-veil, making sure all mat is covered. Saturate with Derakane 470-36 resin containing UV inhibitor (No pigment). Deaerate with serrated rollers.
- 16) Allow to exotherm and cool. Dress down any areas of roughness.
- 17) Apply a hot wax coat of Derakane 470-36 resin containing UV inhibitor and parrafinated styrene(No Pigment). Allow to cure for 4 hours.

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INSPECTION

It is the purpose of the inspection to verify that each part has been fabricated in accordance with and meets the requirements of this specification.

RESPONSIBILITIES: It is the responsibility of the fabricator to make

available to ERA Helicopter or his authorized representative any or all of the following:

Records: Records pertaining to the part(s) being purchased

shall be supplied when requested. These may include:

Materials specifications

Equipment drawings or mold jig

Materials test results.

Dimensional verification reports.

Rework and repair reports.

MATERIALS:

Raw materials used for laminates shall be virgin materials and shall be free of contaminants as described on pgs. 11, 12, 13, and 14.

FABRICATED PARTS:

The part to be inspected shall be properly located and positioned, and shall be in condition to permit safe and thorough inspection. Reasonable means shall be provided to permit the inspector to visually examine the entire inner and outer surfaces of the part.

Allowable defects are listed on pgs. 9 and 10.

The following inspection tools and equipment shall be made available for use by the inspector.

Barcol hardness tester.
Acetone squeeze bottle with acetone.
Extension cord with ground fault switch.
A vapor tight inspection light.
Thickness gauge.

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INSPECTION

TEST OF FINISHED PARTS:

> The following basic tests shall be included as a minimum in the Acceptance Inspection.

Barcol Hardness Test - A test of resin cure shall be made in accordance with ASTM D2583. Take 10 readings, discard highest and lowest, average the remaining readings. Minimum acceptable average reading is 30.

Surface Cure Test - An acetone test shall be used to detect surface inhibition on surfaces exposed to air during cure. The procedure that shall be used is the following: rub a few drops of acetone on the surface and check for tackiness after the acetone has evaporated. Persistent tackiness indicates incomplete cure.

Dimensions - The inspector shall be provided with copies of all approved drawings or mold jigs.

OTHER APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS:

ASTM Standards

- C 581-74-Test Method for Chemical Resistance of Thermosetting Resins Used in Glass Fiber Reinforced Structures.
- D 638-77a-Test method for Tensile Properties of Plastics.
- D 790-71-Test Methods for Flexural Properties of Plastics and Electrical Insulating Materials.
- D 883-78a-Definitions of Terms Relating to Plastics.
- D 2583-75-Test Method for Identation Hardness of Rigid Plastics by Means of a Barcol Impressor.

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ALLOWABLE DEFECTS

Surface inspected Defect Cracks(through part) None Max dimension 1/2 in., max Crazing (fine surface cracks) density 5 per sq. ft. min 2 in apart Blisters (rounded elevations of the Max 1/4 in., dia x 1/8 in. laminate surface over high, max 1 per sq ft, min bubbles) 2 in apart Wrinkles and solid Max deviation, 20% of wall blisters thickness but not exceeding 1/8 in. Pits(craters in the Max dimensions, 1/8 in dia laminate surface) \times 1/16 in deep, max density 10 per sq. ft. Surface porosity(pin-Max dimensions, 1/16 in dia. holes or pores in the x 1/16 in deep, max density laminate) 10 per sq. ft. Max dimension of break, 1/4 Chips in, and thickness no greater than 20 percent of wall thickness, max density 1 per sq ft Dry spot(nonwetted Max dimension, 2 sq in. per reinforcing) sq ft Entrapped air (bubbles 1/8 in. max dia, 4 per sq or voids in the in. max density; 1/16 in. laminate) max dia. 10 per sq in. max density

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ALLOWABLE DEFECTS

Surface inspected Defect Exposed Glass None Burned Areas None Exposure of cut edges None Scratches Max length 1 in. max depth 0.010 in. Foreign Matter 1/16 in.dia, max density 1 per sq ft

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FIBERGLASS SURFACING MAT

1.0 Scope

- 1.1 The scope of these procedures is to describe the visual, physical and mechanical parameters which characterize fiberglass surfacing mat used by the fabricator.
- 2.0 Definitions
- 2.1 Fiberglass Surfacing Mat A random arrangement of glass fibers bonded with a binder to form a thin porous mat which is supplied in roll form. Surfacing mat is usually used to reinforce the corrosion resistant resin rich liner on the inside of equipment and to provide a smooth surface on the exterior of equipment.
- 2.2 Binder Chemical treatment applied to the jackstraw arrangement of glass fibers to give the mat integrity. Specific binders are utilized to promote chemical compatibility with the various laminating resins used.
- 2.3 Slugs Unfiberized beads of glass.
- 3.0 Requirements
- 3.1 Visual Requirements Each roll of fiberglass surfacing mat shall be inspected to insure it is consistent in color, texture and appearance. Any holes, cuts or visual irregularities shall be removed from the mat prior to or during fabrication.
- 3.1.1 Slugs Mat which contains more than four slugs per 100 lineal feet is rejectable.
- 3.1.2 Wrinkles Crosswise wrinkles or waves that are visible at a 45 deg. angle and lengthwise wrinkles that can be readily flattened under pressure and that do not crease or change the dimensions of the mat are acceptable.
- 3.1.3 Wet Spots and Bar Marks The mat shall be free from these defects.
- 3.1.4 Delamination The mat shall not delaminate, i.e. shall not separate into layers in coming off the roll.

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FIBERGLASS SURFACING MAT

- 3.2 Physical Properties
- 3.2.1 Thickness The thickness of the mat in each roll shall be measured.
- 3.3 Packaging Requirement Packaging shall be visually inspected to assure proper labeling and that the package is free from damage that may render the mat unusable.
- 3.3.1 The mat shall be packaged in an unbroken carton as shipped from the mat manufacturer's factory. The mat used shall not be repackaged in the distribution of the mat after the manufacturer has shipped the mat.
- 3.4 Documentation It is the responsibility of the fabricator to maintain records showing the results of all material testing. This information shall show at a minimum, the following:
- (a) Form of material
- (b) Manufacturer
- (c) Manufacturer's product description including binder type (treatment)
- (d) Manufacturer's product code
- (e) Production date, if available, or production code on carton.
- (f) Property measured and value recorded
 - * Visual inspection
 - * Width
 - * Thickness
 - * Packaging
- (g) Job number (Internal Fabricator Control Number)
- (h) Fabricated part identification number

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FIBERGLASS CHOPPED STRAND MAT

1.0 Scope

1.1 The scope of these procedures is to describe the visual, physical and mechanical parameters which characterize fiberglass chopped strand mat used by the fabricator.

2.0 Definitions

2.1 Chopped Strand Mat - Chopped strand mat is made from randomly oriented glass strands which are held together in mat form using a binder. Each strand contains a sizing.

3.0 Requirements

3.1 Visual Requirements - Each roll of chopped strand mat shall be inspected to insure it is consistent in color, texture and appearance. It shall be free from surface irregularities, fluffy masses, dirt spots or other foreign material; water spots, knots, binder spots larger than 2" in diameter, clumps of strands and tears of holes which may result form removal of defects.

3.2 Physical Requirements

- 3.2.1 Weight The square foot weight of the mat shall be measured for each carton of mat used. All specimens shall fall within the range specified for the product.
- 3.3 Packaging Requirement Packaging shall be visually inspected to assure proper labeling and that the package is free from damage that may render the mat unusable.
- 3.3.1 The mat shall be packaged in an unbroken carton as shipped from the mat manufacturer's factory. The mat used shall not be repackaged in the distribution of the mat after the manufacturer has shipped the mat.

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FIBERGLASS CHOPPED STRAND MAT

- Documentation It is the responsibility of the fabricator to maintain records showing the results of all material testing. This information shall show at a minimum, the following:
- Form of material (a)
- (b) Manufacturer
- Manufacturer's product description including binder type (c)(treatment)
- (d) Manufacturer's product code
- Production date, if available, or production code on carton. (e)
- (f) Property measured and value recorded
 - * Visual inspection
 - * Width
 - * Thickness
 - * Packaging
- (g) Job number (Internal Fabricator Control Number)
- (h) Fabricated part identification number